Conservation of Momentum

Objective

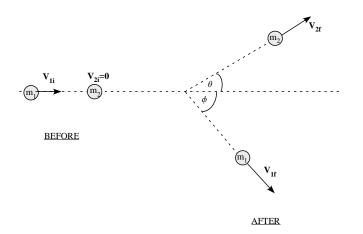
- 1. Confirm the Law of Conservation of Momentum.
- 2. Determine if a collision is elastic or inelastic.
- 3. Confirm that the velocity of the center of mass is constant for an isolated system.

Equipment

- 1. Air puck table.
- 2. Two pucks.
- 3. Spark generator.
- 4. Recording paper.
- 5. Triple-Beam Balance

<u>Theory</u>

1. Collision between two pucks of equal mass with one initially at rest.



For each collision shown above:

- 1. Using an appropriate coordinate system obtain an expression for the momentum of the system before the collision and after the collision along the x and y-axis.
- 2. Obtain an expression for the kinetic energy of the system before and after the collision.

Procedure

- 1. Using the air puck table and two pucks, collect data (with the assistance of your instructor) that resembles the two collisions shown above.
- 2. By using as many spark holes and the corresponding frequency of the spark generator, calculate the speed of the pucks before and after the collisions.
- 3. Measure the mass of the pucks and the appropriate angles.
- 4. Using the equations obtained in the theory section calculate the momentum and kinetic energy before and after the collisions.