You must show work requested, showing use of geometry and algebra, formula or calculator command. Follow rounding instructions for each problem.

If a graph is required, it must be labeled to show all important values and shaded to indicate the region representing the probability. Graphs should be reasonably representative of the situation. Label X values below the graph along the x axis. Label areas inside or above the graph.

If a question asks for a symbolic mathematical probability statement it is asking to answer in the form of P(X < 10) = 0.32 or P(X > 10) = 0.68 or P(6 < X < 8) = 0.37; it is not asking for a sentence.

1. [8 points] Sources: <a href="https://theblog.okcupid.com/the-big-lies-people-tell-in-online-dating-a9e3990d6ae2">https://theblog.okcupid.com/the-big-lies-people-tell-in-online-dating-a9e3990d6ae2</a> https://biology.stackexchange.com/questions/9730/what-is-the-standard-deviation-of-adult-human-heights-for-males-and-females http://abcnews.go.com/Technology/story?id=98438

The distribution of heights of all American adult males follows a normal probability distribution with a mean of 69 inches. Suppose that the standard deviation is 2.7 inches.

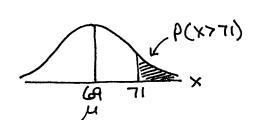
X = height of an adult American man  $X \sim N(69, 2.7)$ 

a. Find the probability that the height of a randomly selected adult American man is more than 71 inches.

Show work finding the requested probability. Round your answer to 3 decimal places.

• Graph Required: Draw and shade the graph and label all important values.

• State your final answer in the form of a symbolic mathematical probability statement.



normalcof(71,10,497,69,2.7) P(x>71)=.229

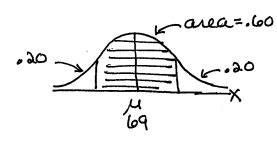
66.7 and 71.3 b. The middle 60% of heights are between

• Show work finding the requested values. Round your answers to 1 decimal place; tenths of an inch.

• Graph Required: Draw and shade the graph.

Below the X axis, label all important X values.

Label the sizes of all areas above or inside the graph.



INUNOM (.2,69,27) = 66,7276 × (66,7)

[1] & 67.17 = (1.2, 69, 8.) monon

## Form A

## Form A Yellow Key

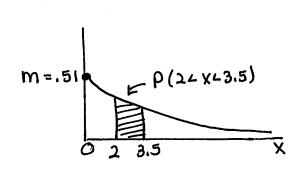
2. [5 points] TalkFast Phone Company finds that the lengths of cell phone calls follows an exponential distribution with a mean of 1.96 minutes. \( \mu = 1.96 \)

Find the probability that the length of a cell phone call is between 2 and 3.5 minutes.

Show work finding the requested probability. Round numbers to 3 decimals points in all calculations.

• Graph Required: Draw and shade the graph and label all important values.

• State your final answer in the form of a symbolic mathematical probability statement.



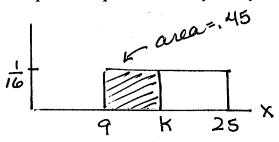
 $P(24 \times 43.5) = e^{-.51 \times 2} - e^{-.51 \times 3.5}$   $eA(-.51 \times 2) - eA(-.51 \times 3.5)$  $P(2 \times 43.5) = .193$ 

- 3. [7 points] Rosa is a pre-school teacher. Suppose the total amount of time that Rosa read stories to her pre-school class each day is uniformly distributed between 9 and 25 minutes.
- a. Find the probability that Rosa reads to her class for less than 20 minutes.
  - Show work finding the requested probability. Round your answer to 4 decimal places.

• Graph Required: Draw and shade the graph and label all important values.

• State your final answer in the form of a symbolic mathematical probability statement.

- P(XL20) = (base)(height)=  $(20-9)(\frac{1}{16})$ (20-9)(.0625) $P(XL20) = \frac{11}{16} = .6875$
- b. Find 45th percentile for the daily amount of time that Rosa reads to her class.
  - Show work finding the requested value(s). Round your answer to 1 decimal place ; tenths of a minute.
  - Graph Not Required: But it may be helpful you can draw one if it helps you solve this problem.



area = (base) (height)  
.45 = 
$$(K-9)(\frac{1}{16})$$
 or .45 =  $(K-9)(.0625)$   
 $16(.45) = K-9$   
 $7.2 = K-9$   
 $K = 16.2$   
 $K = 16.2$